

THE DAILY EMPIRE.

H. H. ROBINSON, EDITOR.
D. G. FITCH, ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Dayton, Ohio,

Thursday, -- December 28, 1865.

THE FUNERAL OF GOVERNOR CORWIN.

The funeral of Governor Corwin took place on Tuesday at Lebanon. The coffin contained simply an inscription of the dates of his birth and death. The following distinguished gentlemen were appointed pall-bearers:

Governor CHARLES ANDERSON, Lieutenant-Governor A. G. McBURNEY, Hon. LEWIS D. CAMPBELL, and Judge J. N. MILLIKEN, of Hamilton; Judge A. H. DUNLEVY, Geo. J. SMITH and JAS. ANDERSON, of Lebanon; L. MISON, Esq., and FLAMES BALL, Esq., of Cincinnati, and Colonel A. DEAN, of Washington.

The funeral cortège was preceded by a society of Freemasons, of which order the deceased was a very prominent member. Many stores of Lebanon were closed, and there seemed to be a universal regret at the demise of Ohio's illustrious son, as well as a sympathetic condolence with the afflicted family.

After the funeral services at the church, the coffin was conveyed to the Lebanon cemetery and deposited in a vault, there to remain until the return of Mr. Corwin's son from Mexico.

THE STATE DEBT OF OHIO.

The Sinking Fund Commissioners have completed their report, which exhibits the following facts in regard to our State finances:

On the 15th of May, 1865, the date of the last report, the public funded debt of the State, foreign and domestic, was thirteen millions sixty thousand five hundred and eighty-two dollars and forty-five cents. During the six months it has been reduced one hundred and forty-eight thousand five hundred and sixty-eight dollars, leaving outstanding November 15, 1865, twelve millions nine hundred and twelve thousand and fourteen dollars and forty-five cents. The amount paid as interest upon the public debt was \$75,341.37; amount in the Treasury to the credit of Sinking Fund is \$228,601.11.

This does not include the sum of \$25,750 on deposit at the New York Agency, subject to the order of a foreign creditor. Of the funded debt now outstanding, \$861,538.49 is domestic, payable in Columbus. The rest is denominated foreign debt, the interest and principal being payable in New York city. The total foreign and domestic debt of the State on the 15th of November, 1861, was \$14,897,273.34. The reduction effected since that time has been \$1,265,338.89; nearly two millions of dollars.

The Fund Commissioners will visit New York City on the 1st of January next, prepared to pay twenty per cent. of the five per cent. loan, amounting to \$1,000,500, which falls due at the pleasure of the State, after December, 31st inst., and they will recommend to the Legislature to authorize the transfer of \$800,000 from the Relief Fund to pay the balance of that loan. This transfer can readily be made, as the Relief Fund amounts to nearly two millions of dollars, but a small portion of which will be needed for the purpose for which it was levied, when Ohio had one hundred thousand or more soldiers in the field.

DAMAGES FOR FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

Gen. SCHENCK, late Provost Marshal of the Buffalo district, was sued by CHARLES P. DAVIS, of Niagara Falls, for false imprisonment. Davis was charged with attempting to force a young man to enlist against his will, and was kept in confinement eleven days, when he was discharged by the Marshal. This occurred last February. Subsequently, Davis brought a suit against the Marshal, claiming damages to the amount of five thousand dollars. The case was tried at the Circuit Court, in Buffalo, last week, before Judge GROVER.

The defense plead only for mitigation of damages, admitting the unwarrantability of the imprisonment, but showing the circumstances which rendered the action of the Provost Marshal one of good motive, being an effort to put a stop to enormous frauds practised upon the government. The judge gave the case to the jury, and they rendered a verdict of one thousand five hundred dollars for Davis. This case is an indication that there is a day of reckoning coming for those who have been reckless in the exercise of arbitrary power during the past four years.

Washington News.

The special telegraphic correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial gives the following items of Washington news, December 25:

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Provisional Governor of North Carolina has been relieved, in a letter from Secretary Seward in the same terms as that addressed to Gov. Parsons, of Alabama. Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, has addressed a letter to Mr. Seward, thanking the Government for its co-operation in effecting the early restoration of the State, and assuring him of the fidelity of South Carolina to the Union.

The Indiana Feman Convention adjourned on Saturday. An unsuccessful attempt was made to endorse O'Mahony, and resolutions were adopted sympathizing with the Senate, and referring matters in dispute to the arbitration of Head Centre Stephens. Important dispatches from the latter were on Saturday received by Col. O'Mahony. They were at once ordered before the Senate and Secretary of War.

Senator Sprague, Chairman of the Committee on Manufactures, recently addressed letters of inquiry to prominent manufacturers throughout the country. The replies received uniformly express the opinion that the tax on American products must be reduced, or a higher tariff imposed on foreign articles, inasmuch as the latter can now be sold in our markets at a cheaper rate than the former.

Judge REAGAN, late rebel Postmaster General, stated, in conversation at Galveston, that, in an interview with the President and Mr. Seward, they expressed the opinion that blood enough had been shed, and that there would be no more confiscations or executions on account of the late rebellion.

The public will bear in mind that his stock of clothing was sold off with great care, and being connected with a large manufacturing house in Cincinnati, enabled him to obtain his present stock of custom-made clothing at much below cost figures, and if persons in the least dreading cold weathering it.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, writing from Columbus, attacks SCHENCK on the ground that he did not join the Republican party until he found it was likely to succeed. We are glad to see this fact, so well known about here, generally circulated. It is true. But SCHENCK, when he did go in, made up by his meanness for lost time.

IN THE HANDS OF NEW ENGLAND.

The Rochester *Union*, alluding to the favoritism shown to New England members of the House by speaker Colfax in the make-up of the committees, says:

Thus with twelve men in the Senate and twenty-seven men in the House, acting as a unit in the interests of the pockets and principles — convertible terms — of their constituents, a little section of the Union far less in importance as to wealth, population, territory, &c., than the single State of New York, is enabled to virtually control the legislation of the country. This legislation, whether material or political in its nature, is directed towards putting money in the purse of the favored section. High tariffs are kept up that the New England manufacturers may count the profits at the rate of from one to two hundred per cent. per annum.

The country is kept disturbed that a huge market may be open and high prices prevail. The accumulated gains are either invested to increase the facilities of production or profit, or placed in United States securities free from taxation. The great bulk of the national obligations is held by manufacturers and money changers along a little strip of the Atlantic coast, and to these favored and exempt privileged classes the masses of the people are obliged to pay over their substance in taxes and in the two or three prices exacted for every yard of cotton cloth or other fabric they purchase. Allow the Union to be restored and the Southern States to have their full representation in Congress, and the denunciation of the New England manufacturers and fanatics is weakened if not destroyed. Hence their opposition to the President's policy of speedy restoration.

CATCHING IT.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, writing from Columbus, attacks SCHENCK on the ground that he did not join the Republican party until he found it was likely to succeed. We are glad to see this fact, so well known about here, generally circulated. It is true. But SCHENCK, when he did go in, made up by his meanness for lost time.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. O. O. F.

RUBELLO LODGE, NO. 206, I. O. O. F. — The members of said Lodge, No. 206, are hereby notified to meet at their hall, TO MORROW (Friday) at half past two p.m., to attend the funeral of their late Brother, Jacob Bententhal, deceased. All sister lodges are cordially invited to attend.

The main portion of the frigate Merrimac has been raised and conveyed to the Portsmouth navy-yard.

Old military officers are said to be in Washington urging a fight with the Mormons.

The Cincinnati Presbytery has dismissed in disgrace Rev. M. L. P. Thompson, of the Second Presbyterian church in that city, for licentious conduct.

No clue to the perpetrators of the recent \$15,000 robbery at Washington has been obtained.

It is believed that the Southern Members will be admitted within thirty days after the convening of Congress.

The Augusta, Ga., *Chronicle and Sentinel* states that about a thousand freedmen have already been sent from that section to the Mississippi valley, and adds: "These parties refuse to make contracts with their former owners; but the authorities are pursuing a course which will soon dispel this delusive idea. The freedmen will find that if he will not work in Georgia, he will have to work in some other State—and more than likely, in some location where he will not be so well taken care of and provided for as he would be with his old master in his old home."

CONFEDERATE OFFICERS IN CANADA.

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, Gen. McCauley, Col. HARRY GILMORE, Maj. J. CASTLEMAN, Capt. Hinde and others who have been officers in the army of the Confederacy, are living at Toronto. Gen. BRECKINRIDGE looks well and is in perfect health. It was represented during the war that his hair had turned from jet black to silvery white. That was a mistake. A few gray hairs are perceptible about the locks, that is all. He is keeping house in a humble, retired way. He is much respected by the citizens, and is invited to two or three parties a week, at the residences of the first families.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES HAVE A DIRECT INFLUENCE UPON THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

FOR BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH, CONSUMPTION AND THROAT DISEASES,

TROCHES ARE CARD WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when about to sing or speak, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs.

The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each box holds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, \$1.25 cents per box. Oct 25th 1865.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS ON THE BATTLE FIELD.

It is satisfactory to know that our field hospitals are no longer unsupplied with this life-saving preparation. Soldiers who, as private citizens, had become acquainted with its properties, have in many instances made a special request that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS might be afforded the medical stores of their regiments, and their wishes have not been unheeded. As a means of sustaining wounded men on the battle field, and of enabling troops to bear fatiguing marches under a blinding sun, it has been strenuously recommended by distinguished medical men, and the prospect is that it will eventually supersede all the adulterated mixtures, liquors and dangerous tonics that have heretofore been considered medicinal staples. The fact that a small quantity of the Bitters mixed with water from any of the southern or south-western rivers will prevent them from affecting the bowels or the liver, should be borne in mind by Army Physicians, soldiers, and all who have occasion to visit those portions of our country. The man who uses HOSTETTER'S BITTERS in conformity with the directions, may rest at defiance Intestinal Fever and all other diseases generated by a state of an unhealthy atmosphere upon an overtaxed frame.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Dr. E. COPE may be consulted as follows:

In XENIA at the Depot Eating House, on Thursday Nov. 23, Dec. 29, Feb. 1, March 6, April 12.

In DAYTON at the Phillips House, on Fridays Nov. 24, Dec. 29, Feb. 5, March 9, April 13.

In TROY at the Morris House, on Saturdays Nov. 25, Dec. 29, Feb. 5, March 10, April 14.

In SPRINGFIELD at the Willis House, on Thursdays Nov. 20, Jan. 4, Feb. 8, March 15, April 19.

Dr. COPE has offices in each of the above places, and is regularly visited for the past two years, and as he is to be found in each of these places, in each of the above places, he can give the best of references in each place, as to his skill.

Dr. COPE treats, and cures, all varieties of chronic disease, including those of the Eye and Ear; makes no charge for consultation; but if those who consult him desire treatment, he charges cash for his medicines.

Medicines that will last a patient from four to six months, cost from Five to Thirty dollars, cash.

Address: Dr. E. COPE, Columbus, Ohio.

Nov. 25th.

W. H. WALTER having associated with himself in business, Mr. Perry Turner, the new firm are now prepared to accommodate their customers with every article of gentleman's wearings apparel of the latest style and best quality. Those who want

COATS, PANTS, VESTS

SHIRTS, HOISERY, GLOVES,

HANDKERCHIEFS, SLIPPERS, &c.

BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, &c.

Will do well to give him a call

Also on hand, a complete assortment of

BOYS' CLOTHING!

Remember the old stand No. 201 Third street, WALKER & TURNER.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 3 P. M. Tuesdays

6 P. M. Wednesdays

7 P. M. Thursdays

Fridays 8 A. M. to 12 M.

Saturdays 8 A. M. to 12 M.

Sundays 12 M. to 3 P. M.

Evening 7 P. M. to 10 P. M.

For sale in books of the latest

T. R. GILLIS' FLOOR STORE,

Fourth street, just east of Main, Dayton, Ohio, where

all orders should be addressed.

December 25.

G. A. GROVE.

dit.

John H. STOPPELMANN, 88 y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.

GAUNTLET BUCK GLOVE, WITH THE OWNERS NAME ON IT. The owner will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at Journal Office soon.

Dec 22-23.

SAMUEL WEILL,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NO. 75 JEFFERSON STREET.

DAYTON, OHIO.

Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Boots and Shoes, of the best quality, for men women and children.

CUSTOM-WORK MADE TO ORDER,

in the best styles. This is the cheapest and the best place in Dayton to buy. Those who call will find that this is no humbug. Country people are invited to call.

DECEMBER 25.

SHERRIFF'S SALE,

OF CITY PROPERTY, OR PARTITION.

Wm. A. Taylor, et al. vs. Case No. 2556.

vs. Superior Court.

Elton Shadie, et al. In the command of an order of sale

to be sold at the door of the Court House in the city of Dayton, on

Saturday January 27, 1866,

At 2 o'clock P. M., the following premises

to-wit, situated in the city of Dayton, in said County and State:

Thirty feet off the east side of Lot No. 1,823, on the corner of Main and Court Streets, in the City of Dayton, with all rights and privileges, on an acre and a half land, situated at the center of the division wall of the double brick house now erected on said premises.

Said premises have been appraised at \$2,500.00, and are worth at least as much as that amount.

The above premises are situated on the 5th Street,

nearly opposite the United Brethren Church. The house is a good two story brick, with eight rooms, all in very good order. The premises is a good well and cistern, with many other conveniences. Terms of sale, \$400.00. G. H. DAYLISH, et al. vs. D. A. HOWE, Atty. for Plaintiff.